

Twist off both claws and the attached knuckles.



Crack both claws and knuckles with a nutcracker, back side of a knife, or a lobster mallet.

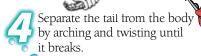


Unhinge the back shell from the body. The green part in the body cavity is the "tomalley" and some consider this the most delicious part of the lobster. The coralcolored roe is also edible.

Twist off the movable part of the claw and peel away claw pieces to expose and remove the claw meat.



Turn the lobster over and break it open by cracking it apart sideways, or by using kitchen shears. Lobster meat lies in the pockets where the small walking legs are attached.





The small walking legs also contain excellent meat so pick off each

leg and squeeze the meat out between your teeth.



Break off each tail flipper and pinch the meat out.

Serve with individual sauce dishes of melted salted butter for dipping.



## **BOILED LOBSTER**

Boiling is one of the simplest ways to cook a lobster, and is probably best for the squeamish that don't wish to cut up a live lobster with a knife. Some say that you can 'hypnotize' a lobster by rubbing the top of its head or its abdomen, thereby pacifying it before boiling. It is important to select a pot big enough to hold enough water to cover the lobsters completely. Bring the water to a rolling boil and add 1-tablespoon of salt per quart of water. Put the lobsters in claws first and begin timing from the moment the water comes back to a boil.

• For 1 Pound: 5 minutes

• For 1 1/4 Pounds: 8 minutes

• More than 2 pounds: 12 minutes

• For 1 1/8 Pounds: 6 minutes

•  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 Pounds: 8 to 10 minutes

## **STEAMED LOBSTER**

Steaming is a great way to cook but not overcook a lobster's delicate meat. In order to properly steam a lobster, you need a sturdy and close to airtight steamer. The best steamer setup is a steamer insert inside a lobster pot with a fitted, heavy lid. The setup will work well on a stove top, but if you're feeding more than eight people, it would be a good idea to cook the lobsters in a large stockpot on a propane "crab boil" burner outside. If that's not possible, just be sure not to crowd your pan too much and to keep the water in the bottom of the pan at a serious rolling boil. It's better to cook the lobsters in several small batches and cook them correctly.

Fill the pot with about 1 1/2" to 2" of water. Add 2 tablespoons of salt per quart of water. Bring water to a rolling boil over high heat. Place lobsters in the pot head first, cover tightly, return to a boil as quickly as possible and begin timing from the moment the water comes back to a boil. Steam a lobster for 8 minutes for the first pound and 3 minutes for each additional pound. Approximate cooking times are listed below:

• 1-1/4 lbs. 7-8 minutes

• 2 lbs. 11-12 minutes

• 5 lb. 20-22 minutes

• 1-1/2 lb. 8-10 minutes

2-1/2-3 lb. 12-14 minutes

## **GRILLED LOBSTER**

Boil lobsters (shown above) for 3 minutes. Remove lobsters from the pot, turn them upside down on a cutting board, and slice them length wise from the tail to the top of the head. Use a sharp knife to split the claws only on the side that will be turned up on the grill. Place each half lobster, shell side down, on a grill that has been pre-heated to medium temperature.

Baste the exposed lobster meat with butter, salt and pepper. Cover lobsters with a metal pie plate or shallow roasting pan to ensure quick and even cooking. Grill for about 10 minutes. If the flame flares up, move the lobster to a cooler part of the grill, or move it until the flame calms down. Be sure to test the meat at the thickest part of the tail to determine whether the lobsters are fully cooked. When the meat is white and opaque, your grilled lobsters are ready to eat!

## **BAKED or BROILED LOBSTER**

Prepare in the same manner as grilled lobster and, for broiling, place the lobster at least eight inches from the flame in a shallow fry or sauté pan and begin with the cut side down for 3-4 minutes. When the shell has turned bright red, turn and reapply butter and finish for another 3 minutes. Be sure to check for doneness, as broiler temperatures vary. Use the same method in the oven at 425 degrees.